# Isolating Namespace and Performance in Key-Value SSDs for Multi-tenant Environments

# **Donghyun Min and Youngjae Kim**

Sogang University, South Korea



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# Key-Value Store (KV-Store)

- Key-Value Store (KV-Store) is a type of NoSQL database.
  - KV-Store uses simple Key-Value (KV) interface to store/retrieve data.
  - Host-side KV-Store
    - E.g., RocksDB, LevelDB, ...













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  - <u>Multi-tenancy</u> is an architecture that can host multiple DB instances of tenants on a server.



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- Problem 2: Limited per-tenant read performance
  - Multiple KV data of tenants are still managed by <u>a global-shared single LSM-tree</u>.





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Current LSM-tree based KVSSDs have difficulty in providing the promised read performance that storage device can provide.





### **Motivation Experiment**

- Configuration
  - iLSM-SSD<sup>[1]</sup>, recent LSM-tree based KVSSD.
  - Key size: 8B, Value size: 1KB.
  - # of KV requests issued (per tenant): 1M.
- KV tenant <u>Read</u> Scenarios Fig.
  - (1): When only tenant x's KV data occupies a LSM-tree.
  - (2): When LSM-tree is shared by tenant x's and y's own KV data at the same time.

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- Result & Analysis (from the tenant x's perspective)
  - Response time: (1) << (2).



![](_page_32_Picture_11.jpeg)

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  - (2): When LSM-tree is shared by tenant x's and y's own KV data at the same time.
- Result & Analysis (from the tenant x's perspective)
  - Response time: (1) << (2).
  - Reason 1: 67% of tenant x's KV data are indexed at L<sub>2</sub>.
  - Reason 2: # of BF loads are increased by 77%.

![](_page_33_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_13.jpeg)

# Design Goals

• Therefore, we have the following design goals for multi-tenant KVSSD.

(1) Multi-tenant KVSSD supports namespace isolation.

(2) Multi-tenant KVSSD minimizes read performance overhead for performance isolation.

![](_page_34_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### **Design Goals**

• Therefore, we have the following design goals for multi-tenant KVSSD.

(1) Multi-tenant KVSSD supports namespace isolation.

(2) Multi-tenant KVSSD minimizes read performance overhead for performance isolation.

We propose a multi-tenant Iso-KVSSD, satisfying these two goals.

![](_page_35_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_3.jpeg)

• Iso-KVSSD employs per-namespace dedicated LSM-tree design.

![](_page_38_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Figure_2.jpeg)

- Iso-KVSSD controls access based on user's namespace information.
- Per-namespace LSM-tree design reduces KV data's access latency.

![](_page_41_Picture_5.jpeg)

• Namespace Isolation Mechanism segregates KV data into per-namespace LSM-trees.

![](_page_42_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### DRAM Flash Shared В LvI. O E AZ A) B Segregated С Т Lvl. 1 I С ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ Lvl. 2, 3, .. LSM-tree 3 LSM-tree 2 LSM-tree 1 LSM-tree 4 Namespace 1 Namespace 2 Namespace 3 Namespace 4

![](_page_42_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_3.jpeg)

• Namespace Isolation Mechanism segregates KV data into per-namespace LSM-trees.

![](_page_48_Figure_2.jpeg)

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### **Experimental Setup**

- Prototyped Iso-KVSSD on FPGA-based Cosmos+ OpenSSD.
  - 1TB NAND memory, 1GB DDR3 DRAM, ARM Cortex-A9 processors.
- Configuration
  - Key size: 8B, Value size: 1KB.
  - # of KV requests issued (per tenant): 1M.
- Workloads
  - Put() or Get() only synthetic workloads.
- Comparison
  - Baseline: iLSM-SSD with global-shared LSM-tree.
  - Iso-KVSSD: iLSM-SSD with **per-namespace** LSM-tree.

![](_page_49_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_12.jpeg)

# **Throughput Comparison**

![](_page_50_Figure_1.jpeg)

<Throughput Get() only >

<Throughput Put() only >

Iso-KVSSD has an average 2.9x higher read throughput than the baseline with negligible write performance overhead.

![](_page_50_Picture_6.jpeg)

# Impact of Per-namespace LSM-tree: Level Distribution

• Level distribution of where KV data is indexed in the LSM-trees.

![](_page_51_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_4.jpeg)

# Impact of Per-namespace LSM-tree: Level Distribution

• Level distribution of where KV data is indexed in the LSM-trees.

![](_page_52_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_4.jpeg)

# Impact of Per-namespace LSM-tree: Level Distribution

![](_page_53_Figure_1.jpeg)

Level distribution of where KV data is indexed in the LSM-trees.

![](_page_53_Picture_3.jpeg)

# Impact of Per-namespace LSM-tree: # of Bloom Filter Loads

• The number of Bloom filter (BF) loads during LSM-tree search

![](_page_54_Figure_2.jpeg)

Per-namespace LSM-tree significantly reduces the number of BF loads during KV data search process.

![](_page_54_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_54_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### Conclusion

- Iso-KVSSD with per-namespace LSM-tree design
  - Identifies the user's namespace information for namespace isolation.
  - Manages the KV data using per-namespace LSM-tree design for performance isolation.
  - Provides strict view showing only the KV data corresponding to each user's namespace.
  - Offers 2.9x higher per-tenant read throughput and 2.8x lower per-tenant read response time than the baseline with a global-shared LSM-tree.

# Isolating Namespace and Performance in Key-Value SSDs for Multi-tenant Environments

# Donghyun Min

![](_page_56_Picture_2.jpeg)

mdh38112@sogang.ac.kr

![](_page_56_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Picture_5.jpeg)